

#### Digital & Technology Solutions Degree Apprenticeship: Cyber Security Analyst Knowledge, Skills and Behaviours

This reference document is intended to help you understand the Digital & Technology Solutions (DTS) Professional Degree Apprenticeship Standard and the expected knowledge, skills and behaviours that Apprentices will develop through both the workplace and university teaching.

#### What is an Apprenticeship Standard?

An Apprenticeship Standard outlines the *knowledge, skills* and *behaviours* (KSBs) that Apprentices will develop over the course of their Apprenticeship.

All Apprenticeship standards can be found on the Institute for Apprenticeships & Technical Education website and the DTS Professional Degree Apprenticeship Standard can be found <u>here</u>.

However, we have created this document for Employers and Apprentices to help you understand your standard and all of the KSBs you will develop throughout the four years on programme.

#### KSBs: Why are they important to me?

Apprentices on our DTS Professional Degree Apprenticeship you will develop:

- Year 1, 2, 3 & 4 KSB Targets for your Professional Discussion (Page 2-5)
- The Full Standard: Core Knowledge (Page 6 and 7)
- The Full Standard: Cyber Security Knowledge (Page 8)
- The Full Standard: Core Skills (Page 9 and 10)
- The Full Standard: Cyber Security Skills (Page 11)
- The Full Standard: Core Behaviours (Page 12)

The KSBs for this Apprenticeship programme were defined by employers and industryexperts and Manchester Metropolitan University have carefully planned our programme to ensure that the standard has been fully integrated and is met through our teaching. It is also expected that these KSBs will be developed through workplace activities and projects. Apprentices will complete a Skills Scan at the start of each year to monitor progress towards these KSBs and KSB development will be discussed in review meetings with an Apprentices allocated Skills Coach.

At End Point Assessment, Apprentices will be assessed on the KSBs they have demonstrated through a Synoptic Project Report, Presentation and Questions and formal Professional Discussion



## Year 1 Knowledge, Skills and Behaviours Targets

As part of your End Point Assessment (EPA), you will have a formal professional discussion with an Independent Assessor. This Professional Discussion will provide you with an opportunity to demonstrate how you have met the KSBs mapped to this assessment method. This professional discussion will be underpinned by a portfolio of evidence. The questions in your EPA will be explored following the below themes:

#### **THEME A: Underlying Principles**

#### **THEME B: Technical Solutions**

#### THEME C: Innovation & ResponseTHEME D: Legal, Ethics & Landscape

Each year we will set you targets and ask you to collect evidence that demonstrates how you have met the KSBs mapped to this assessment method. Below you will see the Year 1 KSB targets:

К7	Theme A	The roles, functions and activities within digital technology solutions within an organisation.
K12	Theme A	The role of data management systems within Digital and Technology Solutions.
К13	Theme A	Principles of data analysis for digital and technology solutions.
S4	Theme B	Initiate, design, code, test and debug a software component for a digital and technology solution.
S10	Theme B	Initiate, design, implement and debug a data product for a digital and technology solution.
S11	Theme B	Determine and use appropriate data analysis techniques. For example, Text, Statistical, Diagnostic or Predictive Analysis to assess a digital and technology solutions.
B1	Theme D	Has a strong work ethic and commitment in order to meet the standards required.
В2	Theme D	Reliable, objective and capable of both independent and team working.
B4	Theme C	Commits to continuous professional development; maintaining their knowledge and skills in relation to developments in digital and technology solutions that influence their work.



# Year 2 Knowledge, Skills and Behaviours Targets

#### Below you will see the Year 2 KSB targets:

K6	Theme A	The approaches and techniques used throughout the digital and technology solution lifecycle and their applicability to an organisation's standards and pre-existing tools.
K8	Theme C	How teams work effectively to produce digital and technology solutions.
K10	Theme C	Management techniques and theories. For example, effective decision making, delegation and planning methods, time management and change management.
K11	Theme A	The nature and scope of common vulnerabilities in digital and technology solutions. For example, the risks of unsecure coding and unprotected networks.
K14	Theme A	A range of quantitative and qualitative data gathering methods and how to appraise and select the appropriate method
K16	Theme A	Fundamental computer networking concepts in relation to digital and technology solutions. For example, structure, cloud architecture, components, quality of service.
K20	Theme D	Sustainable development approaches as applied to digital and technology solutions such as green computing.
<b>S</b> 9	Theme B	Apply relevant security and resilience techniques to a digital and technology solution. For example, risk assessments, mitigation strategies.
S12	Theme B	Plan, design and manage simple computer networks with an overall focus on the services and capabilities that network infrastructure solutions enable in an organisational context.
<b>B6</b>	Theme C	Participates in and shares best practice in their organisation, and the wider community for aspects relevant to digital and technology solutions.
В7	Theme C	Maintains awareness of trends and innovations in the subject area, utilising a range of academic literature, online sources, community interaction, conference attendance and other methods which can deliver business value.



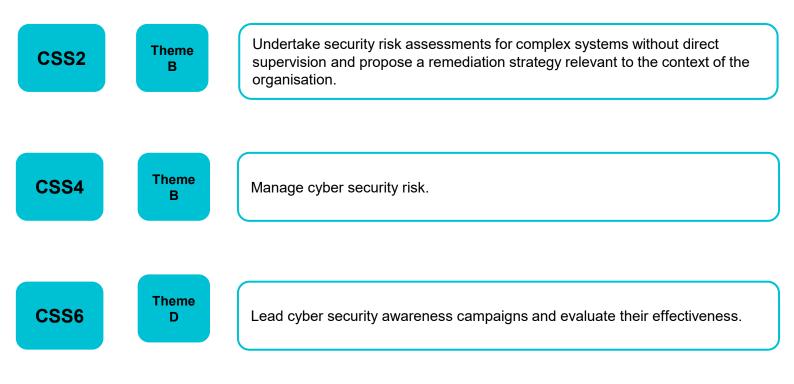
#### Below you will see the Year 3 KSB targets:

-		
К9	Theme C	The concepts and principles of leadership.
K19	Theme D	Relevant legal, ethical, social and professional standards to a digital and technology solution. For example, Diversity, Accessibility, Intellectual Property, Data Protection Acts, Codes of Practice, Regulatory and Compliance frameworks.
CSK2	Theme D	Principles of quantitative and qualitative risk management theory including the role of risk stakeholders.
СЅКЗ	Theme B	Concepts and approaches to cyber security assurance.
CSK4	Theme D	Key legislative frameworks and the regulatory landscape for cyber security including Data Protection Act 2018, Network Information System Directive 2018, Regulation of Investigatory Powers Act 2000, ISO 27001.
CSK5	Theme B	Approaches to incident response and management including escalation and investigation of cyber security breaches and their root cause.
CSK6	Theme D	Ethical principles and codes of good practice of at least one significant cyber security professional body and the ethical responsibilities of a cyber security professional.
S7	Theme C	Work effectively within teams, leading on appropriate digital technology solution activities.
<b>S</b> 8	Theme C	Apply relevant organisational theories. For example, change management principles, marketing approaches, strategic practice, and IT service management to a digital and technology solutions project.
S15	Theme D	Apply relevant legal, ethical, social and professional standards to a digital and technology solution.
<b>B</b> 8	Theme D	Champions diversity and inclusion in their work ensuring that digital technology solutions are accessible.



# Year 4 Knowledge, Skills and Behaviours Targets

In the final year, you will spend time curating your final portfolio for submission to the Independent Assessor. There are therefore less KSB targets within this year to allow you time to effectively curate ahead of submission. Below you will see the Year 4 KSB targets:





# Cyber Security Analyst: Core Knowledge

## Core Knowledge (K)

К1	How organisations adapt and exploit digital technology solutions to gain a competitive advantage.
К2	The principles of strategic decision making concerning the acquisition or development of digital and technology solutions. For example business architecture approaches such as capability models and target operating models.
КЗ	Principles of estimating the risks and opportunities of digital and technology solutions.
K4	Techniques and approaches involved in creating a business case for new digital and technology solutions. For example journey, product and capability mapping and value chains.
K5	A range of digital technology solution development techniques and tools.
K6	The approaches and techniques used throughout the digital and technology solution lifecycle and their applicability to an organisation's standards and pre-existing tools.
К7	The roles, functions and activities within digital technology solutions within an organisation.
K8	How teams work effectively to produce digital and technology solutions.
К9	The concepts and principles of leadership.
K10	Management techniques and theories. For example, effective decision making, delegation and planning methods, time management and change management.



# Cyber Security Analyst: Core Knowledge

### Core Knowledge (K)

K11	The nature and scope of common vulnerabilities in digital and technology solutions. For example, the risks of unsecure coding and unprotected networks.
K12	The role of data management systems within Digital and Technology Solutions.
K13	Principles of data analysis for digital and technology solutions.
К14	A range of quantitative and qualitative data gathering methods and how to appraise and select the appropriate method
K15	Principles of estimating cost, and time resource constraints within digital and technology solutions activities.
K16	Fundamental computer networking concepts in relation to digital and technology solutions. For example, structure, cloud architecture, components, quality of service.
К17	Reporting techniques, including how to synthesise information and present concisely, as appropriate to the target audience.
K18	Techniques of robust research and evaluation for the justification of digital and technology solutions.
K19	Relevant legal, ethical, social and professional standards to a digital and technology solution. For example, Diversity, Accessibility, Intellectual Property, Data Protection Acts, Codes of Practice, Regulatory and Compliance frameworks.
K20	Sustainable development approaches as applied to digital and technology solutions such as green computing.



Cyber Security Analyst: Specialist Knowledge

## Cyber Security Analyst Specialist Knowledge (CSK)

CSK1	Principles of cyber security tools and techniques
CSK2	Principles of quantitative and qualitative risk management theory including the role of risk stakeholders.
CSK3	Concepts and approaches to cyber security assurance.
CSK4	Key legislative frameworks and the regulatory landscape for cyber security including Data Protection Act 2018, Network Information System Directive 2018, Regulation of Investigatory Powers Act 2000, ISO 27001.
CSK5	Approaches to incident response and management including escalation and investigation of cyber security breaches and their root cause.
CSK6	Ethical principles and codes of good practice of at least one significant cyber security professional body and the ethical responsibilities of a cyber security professional.
CSK7	Principles of common security architectures and methodologies.
CSK8	Approaches to deployment of cyber security technology components in digital systems to provide security functionality. For example hardware and software to implement security controls.



# Cyber Security Analyst: Core Skills

## Core Skills (S)

S1	Analyse a business problem to identify the role of digital and technology solutions.
S2	Identify risks, determine mitigation strategies and opportunities for improvement in a digital and technology solutions project.
<b>S</b> 3	Analyse a business problem in order to specify an appropriate digital and technology solution.
<b>S</b> 4	Initiate, design, code, test and debug a software component for a digital and technology solution.
S5	Apply relevant standard processes, methods, techniques and tools. For example, ISO Standards, Waterfall, Agile in a digital and technology solution project.
S6	Manage digital and technology solutions projects. For example, identifying and resolving deviations from specification, applying appropriate Project Management methodologies.
S7	Work effectively within teams, leading on appropriate digital technology solution activities.
<b>S</b> 8	Apply relevant organisational theories. For example, change management principles, marketing approaches, strategic practice, and IT service management to a digital and technology solutions project.



# Cyber Security Analyst: Core Skills

### Core Skills (S)

S9	Apply relevant security and resilience techniques to a digital and technology solution. For example, risk assessments, mitigation strategies.
S10	Initiate, design, implement and debug a data product for a digital and technology solution.
S11	Determine and use appropriate data analysis techniques. For example, Text, Statistical,
	Diagnostic or Predictive Analysis to assess a digital and technology solutions.
S12	Plan, design and manage simple computer networks with an overall focus on the services and capabilities that network infrastructure solutions enable in an organisational context.
S13	Report effectively to colleagues and stakeholders using the appropriate language and style, to meet the needs of the audience concerned.
S14	Research, investigate, and evaluate innovative technologies or approaches in the development of a digital and technology solution.
S15	Apply relevant legal, ethical, social and professional standards to a digital and technology solution.



# Cyber Security Analyst Specialist Skills

## Cyber Security Analyst Specialist Skills (CSS)

CSS1	Discover, identify and analyse security threats, attack techniques and vulnerabilities and recommend mitigation and security controls
CSS2	Undertake security risk assessments for complex systems without direct supervision and propose a remediation strategy relevant to the context of the organisation.
CSS3	Recommend improvements to the cyber security approaches of an organisation based on research into future potential cyber threats and considering threat trends.
CSS4	Manage cyber security risk.
CSS5	Use appropriate cyber security technology, tools and techniques in relation to the risks identified.
CSS6	Lead cyber security awareness campaigns and evaluate their effectiveness.
CSS7	Analyse cyber security requirements against other design requirements for systems or products, identify conflicting requirements and recommend appropriate solutions with clear explanation of costs and benefits.
CSS8	Lead the design and build of systems in accordance with a security case to address organisational challenges.



# Cyber Security Analyst: Core Behaviours

## Core Behaviours (B)

B1	Has a strong work ethic and commitment in order to meet the standards required.
В2	Reliable, objective and capable of both independent and team working.
<b>B</b> 3	Acts with integrity with respect to ethical, legal and regulatory requirements ensuring the protection of personal data, safety and security.
B4	Commits to continuous professional development; maintaining their knowledge and skills in relation to developments in digital and technology solutions that influence their work.
В5	Interacts professionally with people from technical and non-technical backgrounds. Presents data and conclusions in an evidently truthful, concise and appropriate manner.
B6	Participates in and shares best practice in their organisation, and the wider community for aspects relevant to digital and technology solutions.
В7	Maintains awareness of trends and innovations in the subject area, utilising a range of academic literature, online sources, community interaction, conference attendance and other methods which can deliver business value.
В8	Champions diversity and inclusion in their work ensuring that digital technology solutions are accessible.